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CONVENTS IN KRAKÓW IN THE 20TH CENTURY

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Abstract: Religious orders are clearly noticeable in the geographic space of major cities in Poland. The purpose of the paper is to analyse the location factors for religious orders in Kraków, including the location of the most important houses and their related activity in the city. Religious orders have been present in Kraków since its beginnings. The paper covers convents run by the Roman Catholic Church within the borders of Kraków. The paper is focused on the 20th century when a considerable increase of the number of religious orders and general spatial development of the city was observed. The data for this paper was obtained from church and secular sources, as well as land surveys. In addition, changes in the spatial distribution of religious orders and monastic houses operating in Kraków in the 20th century as well as modifications in their functions were analysed. The largest concentration of monastic houses is Kraków's historic core. The actual distribution of convents is a result of centuriesold traditions and depends on numerous factors such as the capital city function of Kraków in effect until the end of the 16th century and the rank of religious administration (bishopric). A further increase in the number of monastic houses was also due to the spatial growth of the city and the general development of monastic life. Religious orders were characterised by various endogenous and exogenous functions.

Keywords: convent, monastic house, urban space, Kraków

Introduction

Religious orders are clearly visible in the geographic space of a city and perform different social and religious functions. From the early beginnings of cities, convents have performed endogenous and exogenous functions, both for city residents and people living outside of its area. The seats of religious orders change the nature of urban space, endowing it with a sacred dimension. The location of monastic houses

has had varied purposes. Historically, in addition to ministry to its residents, convents have also provided religious benefits to the faithful including safety. Thus far, geographical research has focused on the general characteristics of monastic houses operating in the city of Gdynia (Przybylska 2003a, 2003b). However, there have been neither studies on the distribution of religious orders in other cities nor studies analysing their functioning in spatial and temporal terms. In article terms *religious order* and *convent* mean a community of religious sisters or nuns. *Monastic house* is a seat, building used by community.

Kraków is a unique city in terms of the number of religious orders. Due to its history and its political and religious functions, the city is still one of the most important centres of monastic life in Poland. Kraków was founded before the 9th century and was officially granted city status in 1257. From the year 1,000 it has been the seat of the Kraków Diocese and since 1925 it has been the seat of the Kraków Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Church. For more than six centuries Kraków was also the capital of Poland and this fact, together with one of the most important seats of the Roman Catholic Church administration, served as two basic factors for the development of monastic life and the growth of the number of religious orders in the city. The data used in the paper was obtained from church and secular sources as well as land surveys. The analysis in the paper includes all convents of the Roman Catholic Church within the contemporary boundaries of the city of Kraków.

The purpose of the paper was to identify the factors behind religious orders and monastic house location, and forms of convent activity in Kraków. The paper is focused on the 20th century, which was very important for the development of monastic life in Kraków due to a high rate of growth in the number of monastic houses. The effects of other factors on the development of monastic life in Kraków were also considered.

Brief history of religious orders in Kraków till the end of the 19th century

Religious orders have been present in the city since its beginnings. The Order of the Norbertines was the first to establish a convent in 1162 (Table 1). At first, this religious order was situated outside of city limits. The founder of this monastic house, the heir of Zwierzyniec, had influenced its location near the crossing over the Vistula River. Being situated far from the city, this religious order was exposed to foreign invasions, so walls around the convent were built. Its location at the confluence of the Vistula and Rudawa rivers resulted in the building of a mill for the Order and to meet the needs of the local population until the 16th century. In the 13th century, two houses of the Sisters Canonesses of the Holy Spirit de Saxia were built in the

Table 1. Convents built in the 12^{th} to 19^{th} centuries within current Kraków city limits

Century			Numbe	r of new
Century	Name	Name of district	convents	monastic houses
XII	Order of the Norbertines	Zwierzyniec	1	1
XIII	Sisters Canonesses of The Holy Spirit De Saxia *	Historic core	1	3
XIV	Sisters of Saint Clare *	Historic core	1	1
XV	Convent of the Bernardine Sisters*	Historic core	1	1
XVI	Augustinian Sisters	Kazimierz	1	2
XVII	Cloistered Dominican Sisters*, Carmelite Sisters, Sisters of the Presentation*, Visitation Sisters*	Historic core, Łobzów	4	7
XVIII	-	-	_	_
XIX	Albertine Sisters, Daughters of Divine Charity, Felician Sisters*, Franciscan Sisters of the Family of Mary, Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy, Sisters of the Holy Family of Nazareth *, Oblates of the Holy Heart of Jesus Sisters *, Sister Servants of the Most Sacred Heart of Jesus*, Daughters of Charity*, Ursulines of the Roman Union*	Historic core, Dębniki, Łagiewniki, Wola Duchacka, Bronowice, Grzegórzki, Podgórze Swoszowice, Pradnik Czerwony	9	34
	Total		18	49

Note: * within Medieval city limits.

Source: Author's own work.

city centre. Their location within city walls was determined by the convent's activity, i.e. work at the Kraków hospital. In the 14th century, the convent of the Sisters of Saint Clare was founded in the city centre near the Church of St. Andrew the Apostle. This along with the adjoining monastic house, also had a defensive aspect. The Convent of the Sisters of Saint Claire was founded by the Blessed Salome and it originally also operated a hospital, but later the nuns initiated educational programs targeting young upper class girls. In the 15th century, the Convent of the Bernardine Sisters was also established in the Kraków city core. To protect itself from invasions and natural disasters such as floods, it was also located inside the city walls, and was a contemplative-type convent. The locations of the convents of the Sisters of Saint Claire and the Bernardine Sisters were selected by their founders.

In the 16th century, the first convent of the Augustinian Sisters was established in Kazimierz, a city adjacent to Kraków (1336 to 1915). The choice of this location near the Church of St. Catherine was made by King Stefan Batory. In the 17th century, more new religious orders were established in the Kraków centre: Sisters of the Presentation, Visitation Sisters, and two currently closed convents of the Carmelite Sisters and the Cloistered Dominican Sisters (Table 1). The Sisters of the Presentation were established in Kraków as the first Polish non-contemplative order. From the very beginning, these nuns dealt with educational and pedagogical issues. The Sisters of the Visitation, moved to Kraków from Warsaw, have also conducted this type of work. The foundation of these two convents inside the city walls resulted from the work pursued by them. The establishment of the Carmelite Sisters and the Cloistered Dominican Sisters was a due to a decision by the founders and donors of land. The 18th century was a period of stagnation in Kraków, not only in terms of the number of new religious orders, but also in terms of the general development of the city.

In the 19th century, another 9 convents and 35 monastic houses were founded, but mainly outside of the city's historic core. This was the result of the spatial development of Kraków. Most of the new sites were located in Łobzów, Podgórze, and Łagiewniki (Table 1.), which were new settlement areas added to the city during the 19th century.

Convents and monastic houses in the 20th century

Locations

In 1900, there were 19 convents in 49 monastic houses, which were concentrated in the city's historic core and its vicinity; others were located outside of it, i.e the Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy at Łagiewniki. The vast majority of monastic houses located in the Medieval part of town have a long tradition. In the first half of the 20th century, 32 new monastic houses were established in Kraków, mainly outside of the historic core. In the second half of the 20th century, there was visible growth in the number of houses outside the old city core – in newly developing districts including the new industrial district of Nowa Huta. In the year 2000, 48 convents located in Kraków occupied 118 monastic houses (Fig. 1, Annex 1). There was a considerable increase in the number of new monastic houses in new districts of Kraków. The greatest increase was observed in the Old Town and its vicinity. The spatial development of Kraków was driven by the incorporation of Nowa Huta into Kraków in 1951 and that of Łagiewniki (incorporated in 1941) with its Sanctuary of Divine Mercy (Table 2). In Nowa Huta, new orders were founded in new parishes,

and at Łagiewniki in the vicinity of the existing Congregation of the Sisters of Mercy. In the 20th century, the number of religious orders and monastic houses in Kraków had doubled. The increase in the number of monastic houses in Kraków in the 20th century was continuous. Most were founded in the years 1946–1956, and then after 1989. The increase in the 1990s was the result of changes in the political situation in Poland and the resulting lack of limits on the number of new monastic houses.

Both urban development and the foundation of new religious orders in new districts found at an increasing distance from the city centre have been observed in Kraków. During the 19th and 20th centuries, both periods of rapid spatial growth of the city (Fig. 1), the number of new convents located outside the city centre increased considerably. These were new seats of existing orders located in Kraków, as well as new convents founding their first houses. A number of older religious orders, which

Table 2. Number of monastic houses in the years 1900 and 2000 and changes in the 20th century – by Kraków districts

Ni	1 1	Numb	per of monastic	houses
Number of district	Name of district	1900	2000	change 1900-2000
I	Historic core	29	45	+16
II	Grzegórzki	3	9	+6
III	Prądnik Czerwony * (1910 and 1941)	2	4	+2
IV	Prądnik Biały * (1910 and 1941)	0	4	+4
V	Krowodrza * (1910)	0	2	+2
VI	Bronowice * (1941)	1	1	_
VII	Zwierzyniec	2	8	+6
VIII	Dębniki * (1910)	2	9	+7
IX	Łagiewniki-Borek Fałęcki * (1941)	4	8	+4
Х	Swoszowice * (1912 and 1996)	1	// 1	_
XI	Podgórze Duchackie * (1941)	2	4	+2
XII	Bieżanów-Prokocim * (1941)	_	3	+3
XIII	Podgórze * (1912)	3	4	+1
XIV	Czyżyny * (1941)		1	+1
XV	Mistrzejowice * (1951)	-	1	+1
XVI	Bieńczyce * (1951)	-	_	_
XVII	Wzgórza Krzesławickie * (1951)	_	_	_
XVIII	Nowa Huta * (1951)	_	8	+8

Note: * districts incorporated into Kraków in the 20th century (year of incorporation)

Source: Author's own work.

had been located beyond city limits, were also incorporated into Kraków when the city's boundaries were expanded.

The 20th century was marked by a constant and high number of monastic houses in the city centre and its immediate surroundings, and by numerous new locations in towns and villages incorporated into Kraków during this period of time (Table 2). The city performed many important functions in the 20th century including the hosting of an important Roman Catholic archbishopric. However, monastic life had already functioned in the city for several centuries.

New areas incorporated into Kraków including Łagiewniki, Nowa Huta, and Bronowice grew in population rapidly. Thus, new monastic houses were established at new parishes and new schools (Table 3). In the transition period after 1989, church accessibility also increased. On the eve of the 21st century, the development of monastic life in Kraków continued rapidly. In the period 2001–2003, three new orders were established in the outlying parts of Kraków.

Table 3. Convents founded in Kraków after the year 2000

Name	Activity
Sisters of Zion	Pastoral work
Missionary Sisters of Christ the King of Polonia,	Pastoral work
Union of Saint Catherine of Siena of School Missionaries	Education, pastoral work

Source: Author's own work.

Work activity

Convents play an important role in the religious and social life of Kraków. Their work results mainly from the charism of each given religious order. Among the various types of work performed by religious orders, endogenous and exogenous types of activity should be distinguished. For example, administrative activity is a type of endogenous activity, when a given house is a general house or a provincial house. An example of exogenous educational activity is a situation, when a convents runs a school or dormitory. The same concerns a charity, protective and childcare institutions and pastoral centres (Table 4).

In 1900 most religious houses operated schools or performed pastoral work. In 2000 the activity structure was nearly the same (Fig. 2). In 1900 endogenous administrative activity included management in the case of 8 monastic houses, while in 2000 the number was 17 (Fig. 3). This function is due to the presence of a bishopric in Kraków. In 2000, ten general convents operated in Kraków. Five had been founded

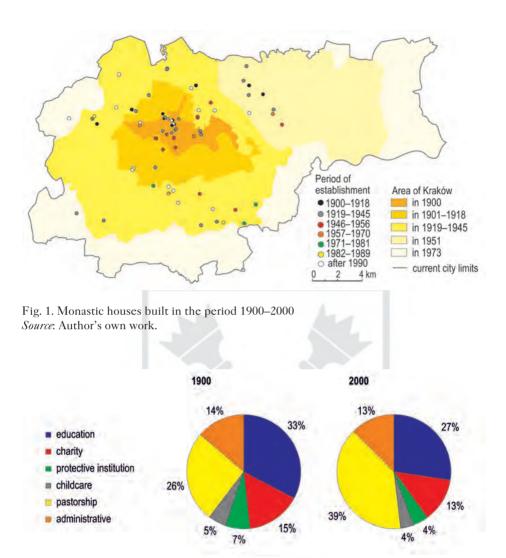


Fig. 2. Types of monastic house activity in 1900 and 2000 *Source*: Author's own work.

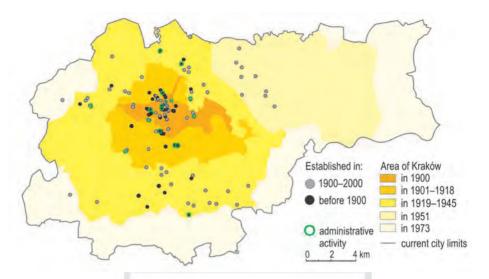


Fig. 3. Monastic houses with administrative activity in 1900 and 2000 *Source*: Author's own work.

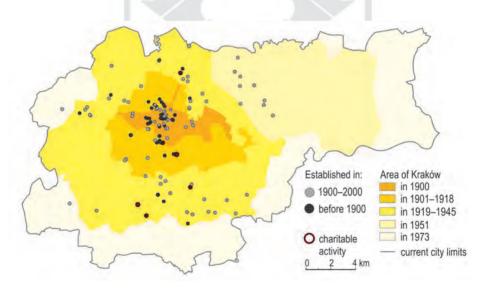


Fig. 4. Monastic houses pursuing charitable activity in 1900 and 2000 *Source*: Author's own work.

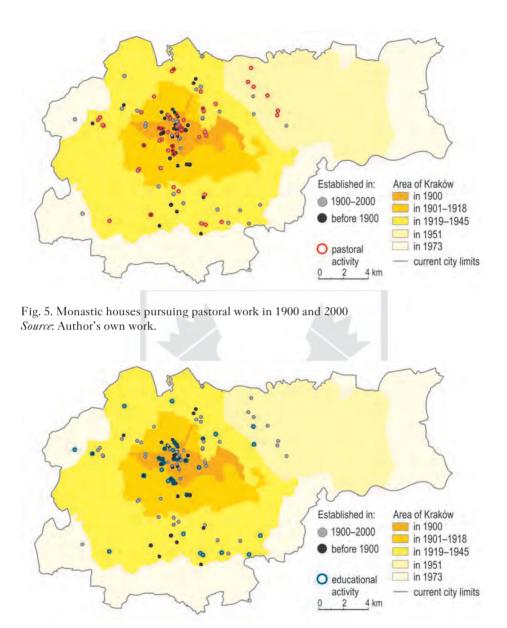


Fig. 6. Monastic houses pursuing educational work in 1900 and 2000 *Source*: Author's own work.

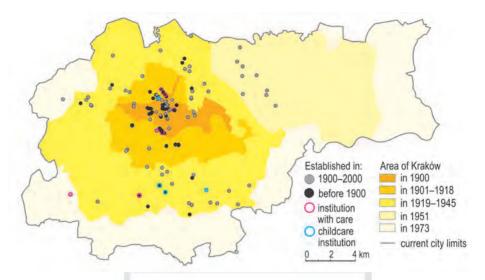


Fig. 7. Monastic houses operating childcare institutions and other institutions providing care in 1900 and 2000 *Source*: Author's own work.

Type of activity	Activity	Description	Nui	mber
Type of activity	Activity	Description	1900	2000
Endogenous	Administrative	General and provincial house	8	17
Exogenous	Education	Nursery school, school, dormitory	19	37
Exogenous	Charity	Helping the poor or homeless, family care	9	17
Exogenous	Protective institution	Almshouse, hospice	4	6
Exogenous	Childcare institution	Orphanage, substitute family	3	5
Exogenous	Pastoral care	Retreat house, catechising, work in the parish	15	53

Table 4. Types of monastic activity by the numbers in 1900 and 2000

Source: Author's own work.

in the 20th century. All of the religious orders founded in Kraków have their general seats in the city, while 7 monastic houses, founded in the 19th and 20th centuries, performed the functions of provincial seats. Most general monastic houses have their seats in the historic centre of Kraków. In 1900 nine monastic houses pursued charitable activity, mainly outside the Kraków historic core, while in 2000 there were 17 monastic houses in all of Kraków (Fig. 4). All monastic houses pursuing charitable work were founded in the 19th and 20th centuries. Both in 1900 and 2000 monastic houses performing charitable work tended to be located in the city centre.

In 1900 pastoral work was pursued by 15 monastic houses, mainly in city centre parishes. Thanks to the rapid spatial development of the city, in 2000 there were 53 monastic houses pursuing pastoral work throughout the city (Fig. 5). The new monastic houses established in outlying parishes are located mainly in new housing areas such as Nowa Huta, which were built in the middle of the 20th century.

A similar tendency depicts the educational system of convents. In 1900 there were 19 monastic houses in the city centre pursuing educational work, while in 2000 their number reached 37 virtually across the entire city (Fig. 6). A similar relationship, as in the case of ministry, concerned educational activity. Monastic houses running schools were frequently founded in the 20th century in the most populated new areas of Kraków. A high density is still observed in the historic core; however, some are found in outlying areas.

In 1900 there were 4 monastic houses leading institutions caring for local residents; there were 6 such houses in 2000 (Fig. 7). Childcare institutions were administered by 3 monastic houses in 1900 found outside of city limits i.e. the Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy convent at Łagiewniki. In 2000 there were 5 such institutions found outside the city centre (Fig. 7). For monastic houses running a childcare institution or other institution providing care, there was a trend to choose a location outside of the city centre both in 1900 and 2000. Perhaps this was due to a shortage of space in the historic core or the high prices of plots there.

The activity of monastic houses is the result of their charism (Table 5). Sometimes, their location affects their type of activity. Most monastic houses engaged in ministry, i.e. in parishes, are located in the most populated areas of Kraków.

Table 5. Characteristic activities of selected religious orders in the year 2000

Lp.	Type of Activity	Name of religious order
1.	Administrative General house	Albertine Sisters, Augustinian Sisters, Daughters of Our Lady of Sorrows, Dominican Sisters, Sisters Canonesses of the Holy Spirit de Saxia, Sisters of Presentation, Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland, Sisters of Saint Joseph, Sister Servants of the Most Sacred Heart of Jesus
	Provincial house	Daughters of Divine Charity, Felician Sisters, Franciscan Sisters of the Family of Mary, Little Servant Sisters of the Immaculate Conception, Servants of Dębica, Sisters of the Holy Family of Nazareth
2.	Education	Augustinian Sisters, Daughters of Charity, Daughters of Divine Charity, Daughters of Our Lady of Sorrows, Felician Sisters, Franciscan Sisters of Saint Clare, Franciscans of the Transfiguration of Jesus, Sisters Canonesses of the Holy Spirit de Saxia, Order of the Norbertines, Salesian Sisters of St. John Bosco, Sisters of the Mother of God of the Pious Schools, Sisters of the Presentation, Sisters of the Holy Family of Nazareth, Sisters of the Most Holy Soul, Sisters of Calvary, Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel, Sisters of the Society of the Catholic Apostolate, Sister Servants of the Most Sacred Heart of Jesus, Union of Saint Catherine of Siena of School Missionaries
3.	Charity	Albertine Sisters, Daughters of Charity, Franciscan Sisters of the Family of Mary, Sisters of Saint Joseph, Sisters Servants of Jesus
4.	Protective institution	Daughters of Charity, Daughters of Our Lady of Sorrows, Felician Sisters, Little Servant Sisters of the Immaculate Conception
5.	Childcare institution	Daughters of Charity, Felician Sisters, Little Servant Sisters of the Immaculate Conception, Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy
6.	Pastoral work	Augustinian Sisters, Canossians, Capuchin Poor Clares, Carmelite Missionaries, Daughters of Charity, Daughters of Our Lady of Sorrows, Dominican Sisters, Sisters Canonesses of the Holy Spirit de Saxia, Little Servant Sisters of the Immaculate Conception, Little Sisters of Jesus, Missionary Sisters of Christ the King of Polonia, Oblates of the Holy Heart Of Jesus Sisters, Order of the Norbertines, Servants of Dębica, Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy, Sister Servants of the Most Sacred Heart of Jesus, Sisters of the Divine Saviour, Sisters of the Holy Family of Nazareth, Sisters of the Most Holy Soul, Sisters of the Most Pure Heart of Mary, Sisters of the Society of the Catholic Apostolate, Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Succour, Sisters of Zion, Union of Saint Catherine of Siena of School Missionaries

Source: Author's own work.

A similar trend concerns those engaged in educational activity. As a result of their status, monastic houses functioning as general and provincial centres tend to be located in the historic city centre. Monastic houses performing charitable work, running care-related institutions, and educational institutions are usually located farther away from the historic core.

For centuries Kraków has served as an important religious centre as well as a centre of monastic life. Six convents were founded here, and it was in Kraków that they had their first seats (Annex 1). As a given convent expanded, seats in other cities and countries were established, and today they are known throughout the world. Kraków is also famous for saints and blessed women coming from religious orders (Table 6). The increasing number of worshippers has driven pilgrimage traffic to places related to saints and the blessed. The best example is the Shrine of the Divine Mercy in Kraków, a place associated with the devotion to St. Faustina Kowalska of the Congregation of the Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy located in the Łagiewniki section of the city. In the case of places related to blessed persons, worship and pilgrimage traffic is still minor at this point in time.

Table 6. Blessed women and saints from Kraków's convents

No.	Blessed Women and Saints	Name of Convent
1.	Saint Mary Faustina Kowalska	Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy
2.	Blessed Aniela Salawa	Felician Sisters
3.	Blessed Bernardyna Jabłońska	Albertine Sisters
4.	Blessed Bronisława	Order of the Norbertines
5.	Blessed Marta Maria Wiecka	Daughters of Charity
6.	Blessed Maria Angela Truszkowska	Felician Sisters
7.	Blessed Małgorzata Szewczyk	Daughters of Our Lady of Sorrows
8.	Blessed Salomea	Sisters of Saint Clare
9.	Blessed Zofia Czeska	Sisters of the Presentation

Source: Author's own work.

Conclusions

Kraków has for centuries served as an important centre of monastic life. In the $20^{\rm th}$ century, in particular, the number of religious orders in the city increased. In 1900 there were 19 convents in the city operating in 49 monastic houses. On the eve of the $21^{\rm st}$ century, there were 48 convents in Kraków operating in 118 monastic houses. Most monastic houses founded before the year 1800 are located in the historic core

of this city. Later locations found outside of the city centre were usually due to the spatial development of Kraków. New monastic houses were established as new neighbourhoods were being built. The large number of monastic houses in Kraków is due to the considerable status of the city, its former function of capital city of Poland, and its status as a bishopric. As the city grew and the number of convents increased, so did the number of exogenous and endogenous functions in the historic core and outside of it after the year 1900.

The present-day spatial distribution of religious orders in Kraków reflects a heritage of old traditions. The location of convents depended on numerous factors such as the capital city functions performed by Kraków until the end of the 16th century and those connected with its religious administration (bishopric). The locations where new religious orders were established also depended on the exact nature of their work.

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Annex 1. Monastic houses in Kraków in the year 2000

No.	Name	Year of establish.	Location	City District	Deanery	Type of house
1.			Woronicza	Prądnik Czerwony	Kraków-Prądnik	General
2.			Chałubińskiego	Swoszowice	Kraków-Borek Fałęcki	Monastic
3.	Albordian Cictors*	1001	Krakowska	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Kazimierz	Monastic
	Albei III e Sisteis	1601	Malborska	Wola Duchacka	Kraków-Prądnik	Monastic
5.	1		Woronicza	Prądnik Czerwony	Kraków-Prądnik	Monastic
6.			Żywiecka	Łagiewniki	Kraków-Borek Fałęcki	Monastic
7.	Augustinion Sictors	1502	Okodovio	Ctoro Miseto	L'robém Kozimica	General
80.	Augusiii iidii ələtelə	0001	okaleczna	State Midstu	NI aKOW-Nazili lielz	Monastic
9.	Baptistine Sisters	0661	Szpakowa	Wola Duchacka	Kraków-Prokocim	Monastic
10.	Bernardine Sisters	1454	Poselska	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Convent
1.	Canossian Daughters of Charity	1992	Pienińska	Łagiewniki	Kraków-Podgórze	Monastic
12.	Capuchin Poor Clares	1989	Rżącka	Prokocim-Bieżanów	Kraków-Prokocim	Convent
13.	Carmelite Missionaries	1900	Królowej Jadwigi	Zwierzyniec	Kraków-Salwator	Monastic
14.	Carmolito Sictore	6171	Kopernika	Grzegórzki	Kraków-Kazimierz	Convent
15.	Calliente Sisters	7101	Łobzowska	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Bronowice	Convent
16.	Cloistered Dominican Sisters	1624	Mikołajska	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Convent
17.			Helclów	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
18.	Daughters of Charity	1859	Piekarska	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Kazimierz	Monastic
19.		•	Warszawska	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
20.			Dodziebów	Ctaro Miasto	Kraków Contrum	Provincial
21.	Daughters of Divine Charity	1886	r ęuzioilow	State Wildsto	NI anow-Celliniii	Monastic
22.			Modrzewiowa	Zwierzyniec	Kraków-Salwator	Monastic

Type of house	General	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Provincial	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	Provincial	Monastic	Monastic
Deanery	Kraków Calwatar	NI anow-Salwatoi	Kraków-Prądnik	Kraków-Salwator	Kraków-Kazimierz	Kraków-Centrum			Kraków-Centrum			Kraków-Kazimierz	Kraków-Centrum	Kraków-Salwator	Kraków-Borek Fałęcki	Kraków-Kazimierz	Kraków-Podgórze	Kraków-Mogiła	Kraków-Bronowice	Kraków-Krowodrza	مصفعلمن سفلمتها	nianow-rouguize	Kraków-Borek Fałęcki
City District	Solavesim	Zwierzyniec	Prądnik Czerwony	Dębniki	Grzegórzki	Stare Miasto			Ctare Miacto	Otal Civilasio)	K	Dębniki	Łagiewniki	Grzegórzki	Podgórze	Czyżyny	k-obzów	Prądnik Biały	Dodoścao	Louguize Louguize	Łagiewniki
Location	cycoimo 4	LOWIECNA	Żwirki i Wigury	Bałuckiego	Grzegórzecka	pl. Mariacki	X	Cmolońsk	OIIIOIGIISK		Mikołajska	Kopernika	Batorego	Dziewiarzy	Hrc Stanisława Milana	Kołłątaja	Zamoyskiego	Gałczyńskiego	Piastowska	Sosnowiecka		rainowa	Zakopiańska
Year of establish.			1000	1932	١				, ,	3		1071	001	Ì				1994	1965	1991		1895	
Name			Outpart O by the Late O by the O	Daugillers of Our Lady of Sorrows								Felician Sisters						Franciscan Sisters of Saint Clare	Franciscan Sisters of Suffering	Franciscans of the Transfiguration of Jesus		Franciscan Sisters of the Family of Mary	
No.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.	41.	42.	43.	44.	45.

Type of house	erz Monastic		m Provincia	vice Monastic	Monastic	Monastic	or Monastic	Monastic	or Monastic	or Convent	or Monastic	Monastic	m Provincia	Monastic	yce Monastic	Monastic	vice Monastic	m General	erz Monastic	vice Monastic	k Monastic	
Deanery	Kraków-Kazimierz	Kraków-Bieńczyce	Kraków-Centrum	Kraków-Bronowice	Kraków-Mogiła	Kraków-Mogiła	Kraków-Salwator	Kraków-Mogiła	Kraków-Salwator	Kraków-Salwator	Kraków-Salwator	Kraków-Mogiła	Kraków-Centrum		Kraków-Bieńczyce		Kraków-Bronowice	Kraków-Centrum	Kraków-Kazimierz	Kraków-Bronowice	Kraków-Prądnik	
City District	Grzegórzki	Mistrzejowice	Stare Miasto	Zwierzyniec	Nowa Huta	Nowa Huta	Dębniki	Nowa Huta	Zwierzyniec	Dębniki	Zwierzyniec	Nowa Huta	Of Carolination	State Milasto	ot I concl	NOWA FILITA	Łobzów	Stare Miasto	Grzegórzki	Stare Miasto	Prądnik Czerwony	
Location	Kordylewskiego	os. Bohaterów Września	Warszawska	Lenartowicza	os. Szklane domy	os. Tysiąclecia	Podgórki Tynieckie	Centrum A	Grabowa	Zagórze	Kościuszki	os. Kościuszkowskie	Biskupia	św. Marka	os. Kalinowe	Obrońców Krzyża	Sienkiewicza	Szpitalna	Lotnicza	Łobzowska	Śliczna	
Year of establish.			1924		l			1960	1940	1894	1162	1922	<	Ì	1917			1220	1220	1993	1918	
Name			Little Servant Sisters of the Immaculate	Collegation				Little Sisters of Jesus	Missionary Sisters of St. Peter Claver	Oblates of the Holy Heart of Jesus Sisters	Order of the Norbertines	Salesian Sisters of St. John Bosco			Servants of Dębica			Sisters Canonesses of the Holy Spirit de	Saxia*	Sisters of Calvary	Sisters of the Christian Life Community	
No.	46.	48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	.99	57.	58.	59.	.09	61.	62.	63.	64.	.59	.99	.79	

7.0. Sket Jana Stare Miasto Kraków-Centrum M 7.1. Skiers of the Presentation* 1660 Szpialant Szpialant Kraków-Centrum M 7.3. Skiers of Saint Clare 1316 Grodzka Sare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Co 7.6. Skiers of Saint Dominic 1990 Kasztanowa Zwierzyniec Kraków-Centrum M 7.6. Skiers of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Skalica Debniki Kraków-Salwator M 8.0. Skiers of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Skalica Debniki Kraków-Salwator M 8.1. Skiers of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* Rusalek Grzegórzki Kraków-Centrum M 8.1. Skiers of Saint Joseph Holandek Grzegórzki Kraków-Centrum M 8.2. Skiers of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Hollandeka Kraków-Centrum M 8.8. Skiers of Saint Michael the Archangel 1993 Aleksandy Rozocika Rozocika Rozocika Rozocika	No.	Name	Year of establish.	Location	City District	Deanery	Type of house
Sisters of the Presentation* 1660 Carpitalina Lagiewniki Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Clare 1316 Grodzka Stare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Joseph 1990 Kazztanowa Zwierzyniec Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Razilera Skalica Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1992 Kazztanowa Zwierzyniec Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1992 Ranonicza Stare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1952 Ranonicza Stare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1990 Rosocicka Prokodin-Bieżanów Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of The Divine Saviour 1994 Cechova Wole Duchacka Kraków-Podgórze Apostalale 1995				Św. Japa			General
Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1992 Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1992 Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1962 Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1962 Hoffmanowej Rodoinia Rodo		Sisters of the Descentation*	1660	Ow. dalla	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Clare Kolodziejska Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgóze Sisters of Saint Dominic 1990 Kasztanowa Zwierzyniec Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Raztanowa Zwierzyniec Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Razejanowaka Slare Miasto Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1992 Ranonicza Slare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Joseph 1952 Ranonicza Slare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1952 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Cour Lady of Good and Perpetual 1996 Aleksandry Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual 1996 Pasieczna Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Instructur 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Instructur 1934 <td< td=""><td>_i</td><td>Sisters of the Presentation</td><td>0001</td><td>Szpitalna</td><td></td><td></td><td>Monastic</td></td<>	_i	Sisters of the Presentation	0001	Szpitalna			Monastic
Sisters of Saint Clare 1316 Grodzka Stare Missto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1990 Kasztanowa Zwierzyniec Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Skalica Dębniki Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Skalica Moniuszki Grzegórzki Kraków-Kazimierz Sisters of Saint Joseph 1952 Kanonicza Slare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1952 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual 1952 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 sw. Jacka Wola Duchacka Kraków-Salwator	3.			Kołodziejska	Łagiewniki	Kraków-Podgórze	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Dominic 1990 Kasztanowa Zwierzyniec Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Slawkowska Slare Miasto Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1952 Moniuszki Grzegórzki Kraków-Kazimierz Sisters of Saint Joseph 1952 Kanonicza Slare Miasto Kraków-Kazimierz Sisters of Saint Joseph Kraków-Kazimierz Kraków-Kazimierz Kraków-Kazimierz Sisters of Saint Joseph Kraków-Kazimierz Pilsudzkiego Zwierzyniec Kraków-Gentrum Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1952 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1980 Aleksandry Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1980 Rosocicka Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1980 Rosocicka Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1980 Rosocicka Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of the Divine Saviour <td< td=""><td></td><td>Sisters of Saint Clare</td><td>1316</td><td>Grodzka</td><td>Stare Miasto</td><td>Kraków-Centrum</td><td>Covent</td></td<>		Sisters of Saint Clare	1316	Grodzka	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Covent
Sisters of Saint Joseph		Sinjung Coint Daminia	1000	Vocates	Zolowenolus	Very Columbia	General
Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* Skalica Depniki Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Slawkowska Slare Miasto Kraków-Centrum Sisters of Saint Joseph 1952 Kanonicza Slare Miasto Kraków-Kazimierz Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Piłsudzkiego Zwierzyniec Kraków-Balwator Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1952 Hoffmanowej Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1960 Aleksandry Prokocin-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Apostidałe Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 Sebniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 Sisters of Bebniki Kraków-Prokocim		Sisters of Saint Domining	0661	Nasztatiowa	Zwierzyniec	N akow-oalwatol	Monastic
1991 Sisters of Saint Jadwiga of Poland* 1991 Rusalek Stare Miasto Rraków-Centrum Rusalek Grzegórzki Kraków-Centrum Rusalek Grzegórzki Kraków-Kazimierz Rawkowskiego Rizeków-Razimierz Rizekow-Bordum Rizekow-Bordum Rizekow-Bordum Rizekow-Bordum Rizekow-Bordum Rizekow-Prokocim Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Rraków-Prokocim Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1980 Aleksandry Rokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1980 Aleksandry Rokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Kraków-Prokocim Apostidate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Kraków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Prokocim Apostidate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1939 Sw. Jacka Debniki Kraków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Bordek Falęcki Sw. Jacka Debniki Kraków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Bordek Falęcki Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków-Bordek Falęcki Rizeków-Salwator Rizeków				Skalica	::	يملوسادي سفراصرا	General
Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Research of the Carbolic Church Rasiles of Saint Michael the Archangel Roseicka Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Roseicka Rasiles of Dur Lady of Mercy Rasiles of the Society of the Catholic Kraków-Prokocim Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of the Society of the Saint Michael the Archangel 1962 Hoffmanowej Lagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of the Society of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 sw. Jacka Debniki Kraków-Prokocim		Sictory of Coint Lodinian of Dolond*	1001		DĘDIIIKI	N akow-oalwatol	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph	9.	Sisters of Samit Sauwiga of Foraing	144	Sławkowska	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph Monitory Sisters of Saint Joseph Rabourleach Sisters of Saint Joseph Ricaków-Razimierz Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael Ricaków-Prokocim Apostolate Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael Ricaków-Prokocim Sisters of the Divine Saviour The Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael Sisters of Saint Joseph Siste	Э.		-	Rusałek	Grzegórzki	Kraków-Kazimierz	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Pasieczna Aleksandry Aleksandry Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph Araków-Porkocim Sisters of Saviour Apostolate Sisters of Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph Araków-Porkocim Apostolate Sisters of Saint Joseph Araków-Porkocim Apostolate Sisters of Saint Joseph Araków-Porkocim Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 Sisters of Saint Joseph Araków-Porkocim Sisters of Saviour Sisters of S				Moningal	بالسرمدس	rojwiro/	General
Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Wielicka Podgórze Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Kraków-Podgórze Kraków-Podgórze Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Ur Lady of Mercy Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph Raków-Podgórze Wola Duchacka Wola Duchacka Kraków-Podgórze Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Bebniki Kraków-Salwator	_;			MUIIUSZNI	GIZEGUIZNI	NI anow-naziiiiieiz	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic Sisters of the Society of the Catholic Sisters of the Divine Saviour Sisters of Saviour Sisters of Saint Joseph Aleksandry Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Aleksandry Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Apostolate Sisters of Saint Joseph Araków-Prokocim Arak	3.		<	Vaponicza	Ctoro Miosto	Kraków Contrim	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Pilsudzkiego Zwierzyniec Kraków-Salwator Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Hoffmanowej Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1980 Aleksandry Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual 1995 Pasieczna Łagiewniki Kraków-Borek Falęcki Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Łagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Podgórze Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Dębniki Kraków-Salwator	1.	Sisters of Saint Joseph	1952	Nationicza	State Milasto	NI anow-Celliulli	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Sieroszewskiego Nowa Huta Kraków-Mogiła Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Hoffmanowej Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1980 Aleksandry Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1995 Pasieczna Łagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Łagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of the Society of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Dębniki Kraków-Salwator	5.			Piłsudzkiego	Zwierzyniec	Kraków-Salwator	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Wielicka Podgóze Kraków-Prokocim Greek Catholic Church Greek Catholic Church Hoffmanowej Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1980 Aleksandry Prokocim-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Łagiewniki Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of the Society of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Dębniki Kraków-Salwator	9.			Sieroszewskiego	Nowa Huta	Kraków-Mogiła	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian 1952 Hoffmanowej tagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Greek Catholic Church Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel 1980 Aleksandry Prokocin-Bieżanów Kraków-Prokocim Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1995 Pasieczna tagiewniki Kraków-Borek Falęcki Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny tagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Dębniki Kraków-Salwator	7.			Wielicka	Podgórze	Kraków-Prokocim	Monastic
Sisters of Saint Michael the Archangel Kosocicka Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy Sisters of Our Lady of	3.	Sisters of Saint Joseph of the Ukrainian Greek Catholic Church	1952	Hoffmanowej	Łagiewniki	Kraków-Podgórze	Monastic
Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual 1995 Pasieczna Lagiewniki Kraków-Borek Falęcki Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Debniki Kraków-Salwator	٦.	Signature of Saint Michael the Archae	1000	Aleksandry	Projection Diopose	Vrotów Drotocim	Monastic
Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual 1995 Pasteczna Lagiewniki Kraków-Borek Falęcki Succour Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of Our Lady of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Debniki Kraków-Salwator).	Sisters of Salift Michael the Archariger	1700	Kosocicka	rionociiii-biezaiiow	NI ANOW-FI UNUCIIII	Monastic
Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy 1868 S. Faustyny Lagiewniki Kraków-Podgórze Sisters of the Society of the Catholic 1934 Cechowa Wola Duchacka Kraków-Prokocim Apostolate Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Dębniki Kraków-Salwator		Sisters of Our Lady of Good and Perpetual Succour	1995	Pasieczna	Łagiewniki	Kraków-Borek Fałęcki	Monastic
Sisters of the Society of the Catholic Apostolate Society of the Catholic Society of the Catholic Society of the Catholic Society of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Dębniki Kraków-Salwator	ر ا	Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy	1868	S. Faustyny	Łagiewniki	Kraków-Podgórze	Monastic
Sisters of the Divine Saviour 1929 św. Jacka Dębniki Kraków-Salwator		Sisters of the Society of the Catholic Apostolate	1934	Cechowa	Wola Duchacka	Kraków-Prokocim	Monastic
	4.	Sisters of the Divine Saviour	1929	św. Jacka		Kraków-Salwator	Monastic

Name	Year of Local establish.	Location	City District	Deanery	lype of house
	Nazaretańska	iska	Wola Duchacka	Kraków-Borek Fałęcki	Provincial Monastic
	Dobrego Pasterza	Pasterza	Prądnik Czerwony	Kraków-Prądnik	Monastic
	1881 Przybyszewskiego	wskiego	Bronowice	Kraków-Bronowice	Monastic
	Warszawska	ika	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
	Rostworowskiego	wskiego	Dębniki	Kraków-Salwator	Monastic
١	Wysłouchów	ów	Wola Duchacka	Kraków-Borek Fałęcki	Monastic
	Wysockiego	go	Prądnik Biały	Kraków-Krowodrza	Monastic
	Matki Pauli Zofii	li Zofii	Dradnik Riaky	Kraków, Krowodrza	General
7	Tajber		riquiin Diaiy	NI aNOW-INI OWOUI Za	Monastic
-	pl. Mariacki	ki	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
-	Skotnicka		Dębniki	Kraków-Salwator	Monastic
7	1958 Dietla		Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
-	Przybyszewskiego	wskiego	Bronowice	Kraków-Bronowice	Monastic
- 1	Szkolna		Nowa Huta	Kraków-Podgórze	Monastic
_	1908 Siemiradzkiego	kiego	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
6	camcamka	g	Stare Missto	Kraków-Contrum	General
-	1073	ğ	Otal G IVIIdasto	Nanow-Oeilianii	Monastic
-	Franciszkańska	ańska	Stare Miseto	Kraków-Cantrum	Monastic
	Sikorskiego	Jo	State Wildstu	Nianow-Cellinalii	Monastic
1	1999 Biskupia		Stare Miasto	Kraków-Centrum	Monastic
_	1857 Starowiślna	Ва	Stare Miasto	Kraków-Kazimierz	Monastic

 Note : * convents first founded in Kraków.

Source: Author's own work.

